

# History of Environmental Preservation Activities

	<b>Nikon</b>	<b>Japan/Worldwide</b>
1967		Basic Law for Environmental Pollution Control enacted
1968		Air Pollution Control Law and Noise Regulation Law enacted
1970	First Pollution Response Committee meeting held (September)	Water Pollution Control Law and Waste Disposal and Public Cleaning Law enacted
1971	Pollution Response Committee changed name to Pollution Prevention Committee (October)	Japan Environment Agency established
1972		Club of Rome published its "Limits to Growth" report United Nations Conference on the Human Environment held in Stockholm
1973	Pollution Prevention Committee changed name to Environmental Improvement Committee (November)	
1975		The London Convention on ocean dumping went into effect
1979	Environmental Management Office established within the construction department (July)	
1987		Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer adopted
1988	First Nikon Group Environmental Communications Committee meeting held (November) First Specialist Committee Meeting on CFC Measures held (December)	Vienna Convention for Protection of the Ozone Layer went into effect Ozone Layer Protection Law enacted
1991		Law for the Promotion of Utilisation of Recycled Resources enacted The Keidanren Global Environment Charter announced
1992	Nikon Basic Environmental Management Policy (April) Restructuring of the Environmental Improvement Committee, establishment of the Environmental Committee (April)	The Basel Convention went into effect "Earth Summit" held in Rio de Janeiro
1993		Basic Environment Law enacted Start of International Energy Star Programme
1994	Elimination of specified CFC used in cleaning (May)	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change went into effect
1995	Implementation of Nikon Product Assessment (May) Implementation of policy toward attaining ISO 14001 certification (May)	Container and Packaging Recycling Law enacted
1996		Publication of ISO 14001 Standards
1997	Sendai Nikon earns the first ISO 14001 certification among the Nikon Group (March)	Third Conference of the Parties (COP 3) to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change held in Kyoto
1998	Nikon's Environmental Symbol introduced (May) Basic Policy on Packaging Materials (May) Ohi Plant becomes the first Nikon plant to earn ISO 14001 certification (July) Nikon Basic Policy for Green Procurement (August)	Law Concerning the Promotion of Measures to cope with Global Warming enacted
1999	Nikon Green Procurement Guide distributed to suppliers (July) Environmental & Technical Administration Department established (October)	Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR) Law enacted
2000	Nikon PRTR Guide issued (March) Nikon Environmental Action Plan 21 (for fiscal 2001) issued (June)	Basic Law for Establishment of Recycling-Based Society enacted Law for Promotion of Effective Utilisation of Resources enacted
2001	Zero-Emission Kick-off Convention held (September) Nikon Environmental Report 2001 released (October)	Fluorocarbons Recovery and Destruction Law enacted
2002	Sendai Nikon Corporation became first Nikon Group company to achieve a zero-emission system (February) Mito plant became first Nikon plant to achieve a zero-emission system (September)	Soil Contamination Countermeasures Law enacted
2003	Zero-emission systems completed at all Nikon plants (March)	Environmental Protect Activities and Environmental Education Promotion Law enacted WEEE & RoHS Law enacted in EU